

## 2008–09–30

Two particles, 1 and 2.

$$\mathcal{D}(R)|\alpha_1\rangle \otimes |\alpha_2\rangle = (\mathcal{D}_1(R)|\alpha_1\rangle \otimes \mathcal{D}_2(R)|\alpha_2\rangle) = \mathcal{D}_1(R) \otimes \mathcal{D}_2(R) |\alpha_1\rangle \otimes |\alpha_2\rangle$$

$$\mathcal{D}_\Omega(\delta\theta) = \left(1 - i \boldsymbol{\Omega} \cdot \mathbf{J}_1 \frac{\delta\theta}{\hbar}\right) \otimes \left(1 - i \boldsymbol{\Omega} \cdot \mathbf{J}_2 \frac{\delta\theta}{\hbar}\right) = 1 - i (\mathbf{J}_1 \otimes 1 + 1 \otimes \mathbf{J}_2) \cdot \boldsymbol{\Omega} \frac{\delta\theta}{\hbar} + (\delta\theta)^2$$

$$\mathbf{J}_{\text{tot}} = \mathbf{J}_1 + \mathbf{J}_2$$

$$[\mathbf{J}_1, \mathbf{J}_2] = 0$$

$\{\mathbf{J}_1^2, \mathbf{J}_2^2, (\mathbf{J}_1)_z, (\mathbf{J}_2)_z\} |j_1, j_2, m_1, m_2\rangle =$  tensor product basis.

$\{\mathbf{J}_{\text{tot}}^2, (\mathbf{J}_{\text{tot}})_z, \mathbf{J}_1^2, \mathbf{J}_2^2\}$  all commute.

$$\mathbf{J}_{\text{tot}}^2 = \mathbf{J}_{\text{tot}} \cdot \mathbf{J}_{\text{tot}} = \mathbf{J}_1^2 + \mathbf{J}_2^2 + 2 \mathbf{J}_1 \cdot \mathbf{J}_2$$

Tensor product representation	Total spin representation
$\mathbf{J}_1^2  j_1 j_2 m_1 m_2\rangle = j_1(j_1 + 1)  j_1, j_2, m_1, m_2\rangle;$	$\mathbf{J}_{\text{tot}}^2  j_1, j_2, j, m\rangle = j(j + 1)  j_1, j_2, j, m\rangle$
$\mathbf{J}_2^2  \dots\rangle = j_2(j_2 + 1)  \dots\rangle$	$J_{\text{tot}, z}  j_1, j_2, j, m\rangle = m  j_1, j_2, j, m\rangle$
$(\mathbf{J}_1)_z  \dots\rangle = m_1  \dots\rangle$	$\mathbf{J}_1^2  j_1, \dots\rangle = j_1(j_1 + 1)  j_1, j_2, \dots\rangle$
$(\mathbf{J}_2)_z \dots$	$\mathbf{J}_2^2  j_1, \dots\rangle =$

$$|j_1, j_2, j, m\rangle = \sum_{m_1, m_2} |j_1, j_2, m_1, m_2\rangle \underbrace{\langle j_1, j_2, m_1, m_2 | j_1, j_2, j, m \rangle}_{=\text{Clebsch-Gordan coefficient}}$$

$$|j_1, j_2, m_1, m_2\rangle = \sum_{j, m} |j_1, j_2, j, m\rangle \langle j_1, j_2, j, m | j_1, j_2, m_1, m_2 \rangle$$

We drop the  $j_1, j_2$  from the notation. They are now implicit.

$$\langle j, m | J_{\text{tot}, z} | m_1 m_2 \rangle = (m_1 + m_2) \langle j, m | m_1, m_2 \rangle = m \langle j, m | m_1, m_2 \rangle$$

$$m = m_1 + m_2 \quad \text{for } \langle j, m | m_1, m_2 \rangle = 0$$

$$(j_{\text{tot}})_{\text{max}} = j_1 + j_2$$

$$|j_1 - j_2| \leq j \leq |j_1 + j_2|$$

Consistency check:

$$(2j_1 + 1)(2j_2 + 1) = \sum_{j=|j_1-j_2|}^{|j_1+j_2|} (2j + 1)$$

$$j_1 \otimes j_2 = j_1 + j_2 \oplus j_1 + j_2 - 1 \dots \oplus |j_1 - j_2|$$

Example

$$2 \otimes 3 = 5 \oplus 4 \oplus 3 \oplus 2 \oplus 1$$

$$35 = 11 + 9 + 7 + 5 + 3$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 35 \times 35\text{-matrix} \\ \text{big mess} \end{array} \right) = \left( \begin{array}{cccccc} \boxed{11 \times 11} & & & & & \\ & \boxed{9 \times 9} & & & & \\ & & \boxed{7 \times 7} & & & \\ & & & \boxed{5 \times 5} & & \\ & & & & \boxed{3 \times 3} & \end{array} \right)$$

$$H = \alpha \mathbf{J}_1 \cdot \mathbf{J}_2 = \frac{\alpha}{2} \left( (\mathbf{J}_1 + \mathbf{J}_2)^2 - \mathbf{J}_1^2 - \mathbf{J}_2^2 \right) = \frac{\alpha}{2} (\mathbf{J}_{\text{tot}} - \mathbf{J}_1 - \mathbf{J}_2)$$

Spin  $1 \otimes 1$ .

$$1 \otimes 1 = 2 \oplus 1 \oplus 0$$

degeneracy	$j_{\text{tot}}$	$\mathbf{J}_{\text{tot}}^2$	$\mathbf{J}_1^2$	$\mathbf{J}_2^2$	energy eigenvalues
5	2	6	2	2	$\alpha$
2	1	2	2	2	$-\alpha$
1	0	0	2	2	$-2\alpha$

$$\begin{aligned} 1 \otimes 1 \otimes 1 &= (2 \oplus 1 \oplus 0) \otimes 1 = (2 \otimes 1) \oplus (1 \otimes 1) \oplus (0 \otimes 1) \\ &= 3 \oplus 2 \oplus 1 \oplus 2 \oplus 1 \oplus 0 \oplus 1 = 3 \oplus 2(2) \oplus 3(1) \oplus 0 \\ &27 = 7 + 10 + 9 + 1 \end{aligned}$$